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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

Proceeding	77370042	
Applicant	Webid Consulting Ltd.	
Applied for Mark	MANWEAR	
Correspondence Address	JAMES A. WAHL KRASS MONROE, P.A. 8000 NORMAN CENTER DR, STE 1000 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55437-1178 UNITED STATES trademark@krassmonroe.com	
Submission	Reply Brief	
Attachments	manwear class 25 degrandpre chait - ttab appeal reply brief 2_epdf (15 pages)(997019 bytes)	
Filer's Name	James A. Wahl	
Filer's e-mail	trademark@krassmonroe.com,jwahl@krassmonroe.com	
Signature	/James A. Wahl/	
Date	11/25/2009	

Mark: MANWEAR

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

Applicant:	Webid Consulting Ltd.)	
11	Ç)	Trademark Law Office: 114
Serial No:	77/370,042)	Attorney: Brendan D. McCauley
Filing Date:	February 14, 2008)	
Mark:	MANWEAR)	

APPLICANT'S REPLY BRIEF

I. INTRODUCTION.

The Applicant has appealed to the Trademark Trial and Appeal Board from the final decision of the Examining Attorney refusing registration of the above-referenced mark. The Applicant submitted its Appeal Brief on September 14, 2009. The Examining Attorney's Appeal Brief was submitted on November 5, 2009.

The Applicant respectfully submits that its MANWEAR mark is distinctive, and that the Examining Attorney has failed to meet his burden of proof to establish descriptiveness.

II. REBUTTAL ARGUMENT.

The Applicant's mark is MANWEAR for "Men's clothing, namely, coats, jackets, vests, sweaters, t-shirts, shirts, jerseys, shorts, parkas, pullovers, wind-jackets, pants, raincoats; sportswear, namely, sweatsuits, leisure suits, jeans, sport jackets, overalls; underwear, namely,

short and long sleeve tee-shirts, long johns, briefs, boxers; Men's leather clothing, namely, coats, jackets, vests, shorts, parkas, pants, raincoats; Men's fashion accessories, namely, ties, socks, caps, gloves, belts, wristband, watch wristband, hats, shoes and scarves" in Class 25. The evidence in support of descriptiveness offered by the Examining Attorney is wholly insufficient.

The Examining Attorney's evidence and related arguments focus on (a) dictionary definitions of the terms man and wear, (b) excerpted articles discussing the term menswear, (c) listings from the *Manual of Acceptable Identifications of Goods and Services* containing the term wear, and (d) matter from 14 Internet pages which the Examining Attorney asserts show descriptiveness of the mark. Each of these categories of evidence are more supportive of the Applicant's position than the Examining Attorney's descriptiveness arguments.

- (a) <u>Dictionary Definitions</u>. As set out in the Applicant's Appeal Brief, the actual dictionary definitions of man and wear do not support the Examining Attorney's position. The Examining Attorney treats the terms "man" and "mens" as equivalent terms, but both the definitions of these terms and the appearance and meaning of the Applicant's mark establish the difference. Menswear is a recognized term of longstanding usage. Substituting "man" for "mens" effects a fundamental change in the appearance, sound and meaning of the resulting term.
- (b) Menswear Articles. The litany of articles in which the term menswear is used establishes absolutely nothing concerning the meaning of the Applicant's manwear mark. The Examining Attorney contends that use of the singular "man" instead of the plural "mens" will not leave consumers unclear as to the nature of the Applicant's services. This position ignores the obvious fact that the terms are different in appearance, sound and meaning, and will be perceived differently by consumers.
 - (c) Goods and Services Identifications. The Examining Attorney recites a listing of

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recognized uses of the term wear in connection with other terms, and asserts that this establishes consumer understanding. The Examining Attorney lists the following terms - beachwear, footwear, headwear, infantwear, loungewear, neckwear, nightwear, rainwear, skiwear, sleepwear swimwear, and underwear - asserted to be entries in the Acceptable ID Manual. The term MANWEAR does not appear in these listings, and this purported evidence has no weight relating to descriptiveness.

(d) <u>Internet Pages</u>. From the entirety of information available via the Internet, the Examining Attorney produces 14 pages asserted to show use of the term manwear in a descriptive manner. Items 1 – 11 and 13 are excerpts from the websites of foreign manufacturers located in Shanghai, mainland China, Turkey, Italy, Taiwan, etc. Given the grammatical errors obvious in the text of these articles (e.g. "Ladies fashion (rather than fashions), Accessory (rather than Accessories), finished goods of leisure suits, men workerwear, woman workerwear, woman-garment, blzase, elegant and sporty wovens, etc.) it is likely that use of the term manwear results from improper translation rather than an intentional use of the term to identify a category of clothing.

Furthermore, there are serious questions about whether many of the sites listed by the Examining Attorney are still active. Attached as Exhibits A, B, C, D and E are internet print-outs from November 25, 2009 showing that the seride.com website (Examiner's No. 6) is no longer active, the Oceaners Industrial Limited listing on go4WorldBusiness.com (Examiner's No. 7) has been revised to list "mens wear" rather than "manwear", the made-in-China.com website (Examiner's No. 9) no longer lists "interlining for manwear" or "manwear", the jlcateringsupplies.com website (Examiner's No. 11) is no longer active, and the trustexporter.com website (Examiner's No. 13) no longer lists "manwear" or "Oceanus Industrial". These exhibits show that at least five of the 12 websites listed by the Examiner are

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either no longer active or no longer stand for the proposition cited by the Examining Attorney.

Moreover, even if use of manwear in these materials is intentional and continuing, the

materials have no evidentiary value. In the case of *In re Men's International Professional Tennis*

Council, 1 USPQ2d 1917, 1918 (TTAB 1986), the Board considered articles in foreign

publications to be of limited evidentiary value. The Board stated that "it is fair to presume that

the Manchester Guardian Weekly has little circulation here, [thus, we cannot] infer that these

foreign uses have had any material impact on the perceptions of the relevant public in this

country." In the case of In re King Koil Licensing Company, Inc., 79 USPQ2d (TTAB 2006), the

Board held that material from foreign web sites had little if any probative value in relation to a

mark used for mattresses. In this case, the foreign web sites listed by the Examining Attorney

are unlikely to have any material impact of the perceptions of the relevant public in this country,

and should be given no probative value whatsoever.

The two remaining websites that appear to originate from the United States, items 12 and

14, are textual references to a specific person's attire. This is a *de minimus* level of use that falls

far short of meeting the Examining Attorney's burden of proving descriptiveness.

Since the Examining Attorney has not met his burden of proof, the refusal of registration

must be reversed.

III. CONCLUSION

The Applicant's mark is not merely descriptive for online retail clothing services. It is an

incongruous, suggestive mark that is not commonly used or understood to relate in any way to

these services. The evidence of record falls far short of meeting the Examiner's burden of

proving descriptiveness. Accordingly, the Applicant submits that its Application is in condition

for allowance, and requests that the refusal of registration be reversed and that the mark be

promptly approved for publication and registration.

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Respectfully submitted,

Krass Monroe, P.A.

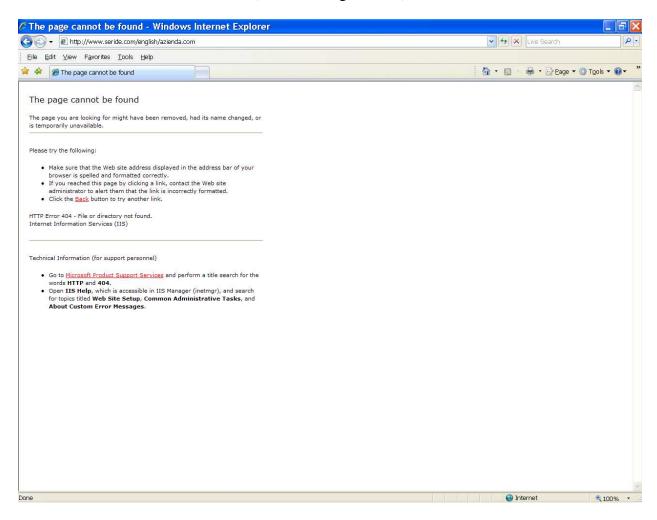
Dated: November 25, 2009

By /James A. Wahl/

James A. Wahl (#170501) Attorney for Applicant 8000 Norman Center Drive Suite 1000 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55437 Telephone: (952) 885-5991

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Exhibit A seride.com website (Examiner's No. 6) As of 11/25/2009 (site is no longer active)



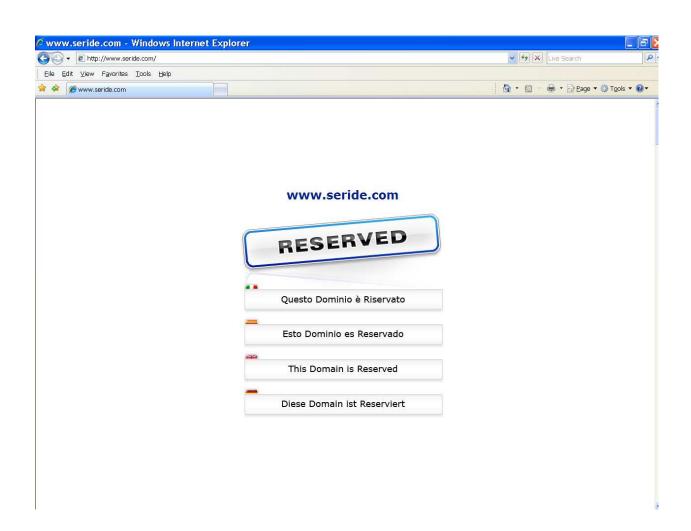


Exhibit B

Oceanus Industrial Limited Site (Examiner's No. 7) As of 11/25/2009 (revised to list "mens wear" not "manwear")

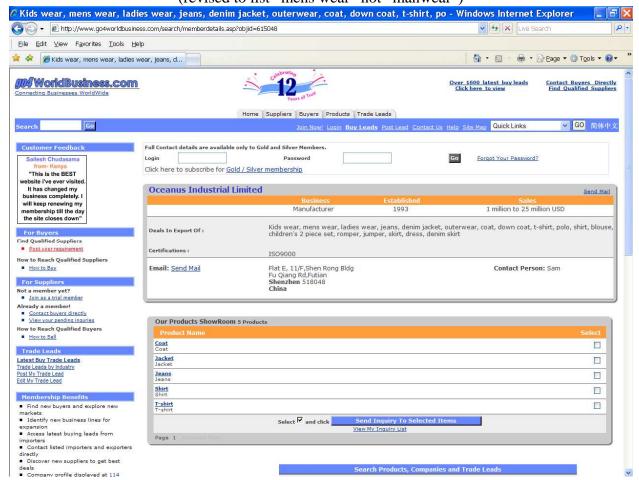
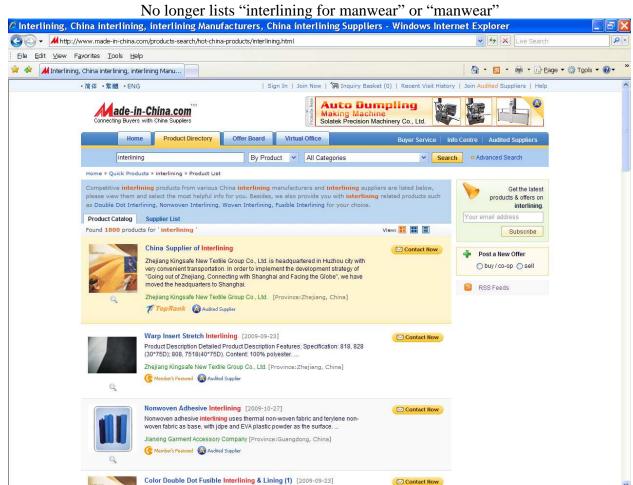


Exhibit C

Made-In-China.com (Examiner's No. 9) As of 11/25/2009



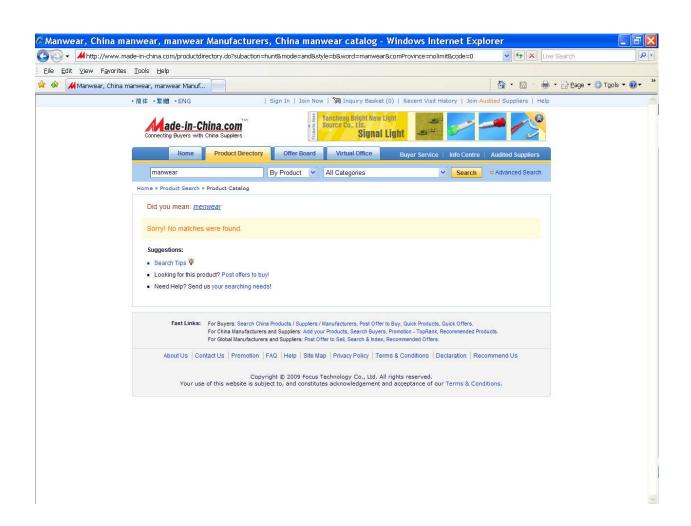


Exhibit D

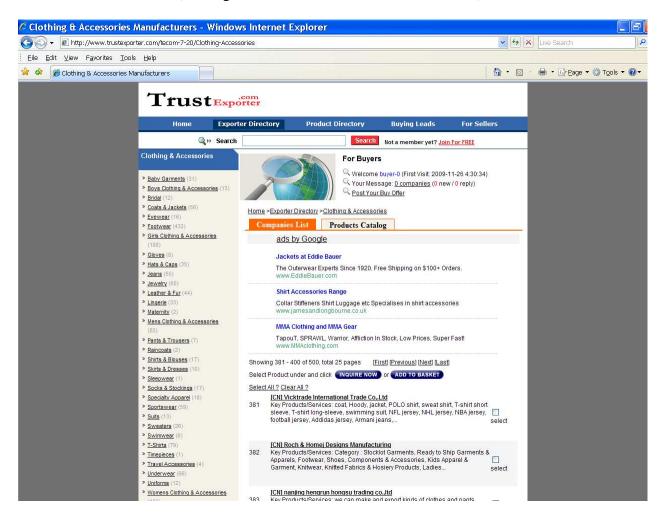
Jlcateringsupplies.com / A3Shop (Examiner's No. 11) As of 11/25/2009 (Site is no longer active)

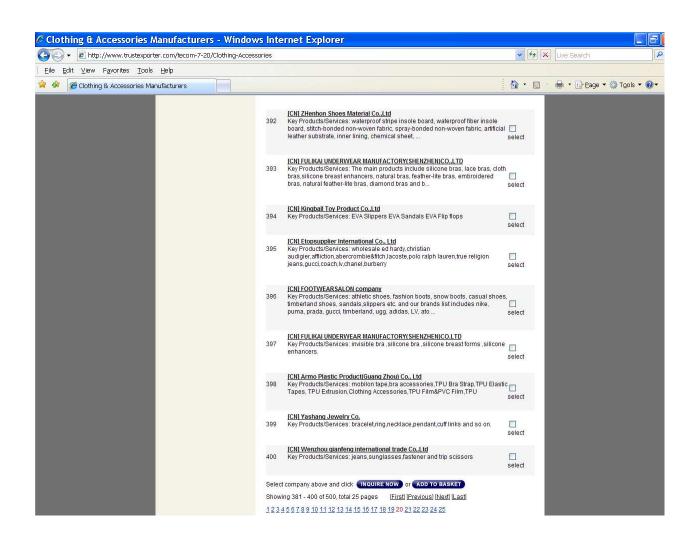
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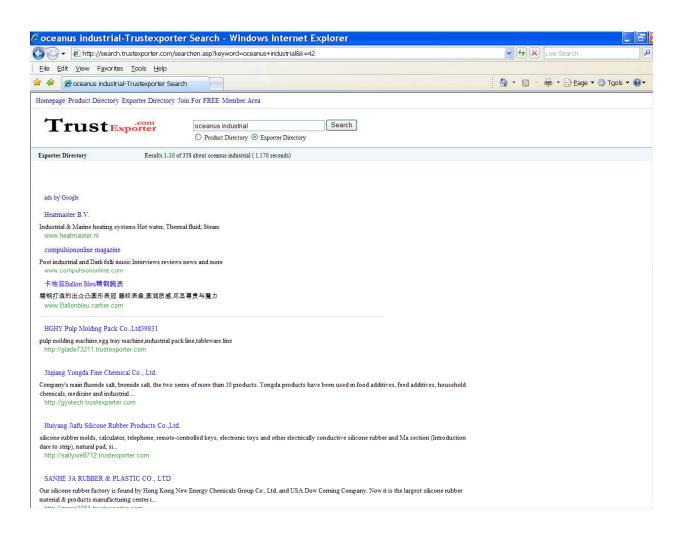
100%

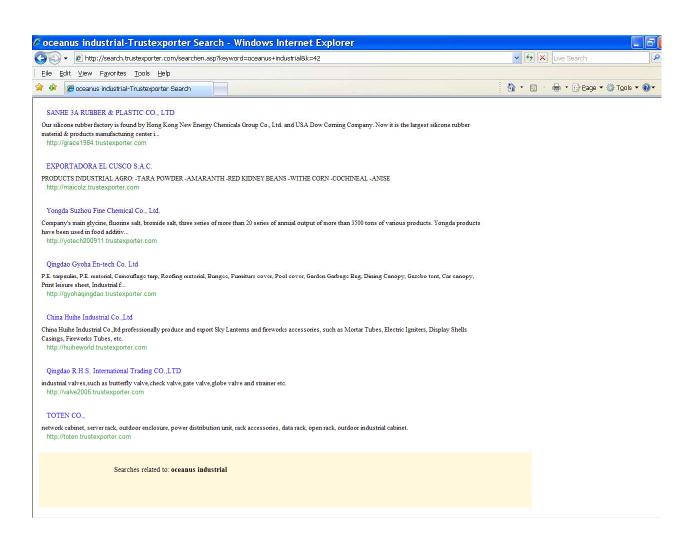
Exhibit E

TrustExporter.com website (Examiner's No. 13) As of 11/25/2009 (no longer lists manwear or Oceanus Industrial)









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